High Intensity Radiated Field (HIRF) Regulations

Ft. Worth ACO DER Seminar

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Presentation Topics

- Current FAA HIRF special conditions
- HIRF NPRM
 - Definition of HIRF environment
 - Description of NPRM
 - Differences from special condition
 - Differences between parts 23, 25, 27 & 29
- Proposed advisory circular
 - Compliance methods

Airship Industries Airship 600 Accident

- April 15, 1990, Airship Industries Airship 600 traversed the beam of a highly directional RF broadcast from Voice of America transmitter near Greenville, NC.
- Suffered a complete loss of power in both engines due to the failure of both ignition units.
- Airship conducted a forced landing in North Carolina

Airship 600





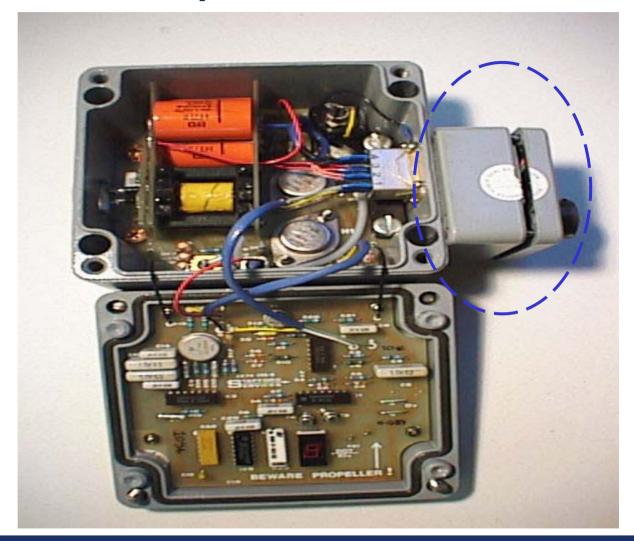


Airship Industries Airship 600 Accident

- Investigation found resistors failed on both engines ignition controls
- The ignition units were redesigned to add a filter assembly
- Retested successfully to 100 v/m
- NTSB probable cause listed contributing factor: Lack of HIRF certification standards for airships at the time of the airship's certification was a factor in the accident.

Airship Industries Airship 600 Accident

 Engine control with additional filter assembly at connector



Current HIRF Special Conditions

- HIRF special conditions have been applied since 1987
- Based on HIRF Notice N8110.71
- Applies to systems that perform 'functions whose failure would contribute to or cause a failure condition that would prevent the continued safe flight and landing of the airplane'.

Special Condition Compliance Approach 1

For small airplanes and transport airplanes:

A minimum of 100 volts per meter rms electric field strength from 10 kHz to 18 GHz, applied to the system elements and their associated wiring harnesses without the benefit of airframe shielding, through system tests and analysis.

For helicopters:

Same as above, except a minimum of 100 volts per meter for critical display systems, and a minimum of 200 volts per meter for critical control functions.

Special Condition Compliance Approach 2

A threat external to the airframe of the following field strengths for the frequency ranges indicated.

Frequency	Field strength (volts/meter)	
	Peak	Average
10 kHz - 2 MHz	50	50
2 MHz - 30 MHz	100	100
30 MHz - 100 MHz	50	50
100 MHz - 400 MHz	100	100
400 MHz - 700 MHz	700	50
700 MHz - 1 GHz	700	100
1 GHz - 2 GHz	2,000	200
2 GHz - 6 GHz	3,000	200
6 GHz - 8 GHz	1,000	200
8 GHz - 12 GHz	3,000	300
12 GHz - 18 GHz	2,000	200
18 GHz - 40 GHz	600	200

HIRF Notice of Proposed Rulemaking

- NPRM published for comment February 1, 2006
- Advisory Circular Notice of Availability published for comment February 1, 2006
 - Both can be found under 'Federal Aviation Administration' at: http://www.access.gpo.gov/su_docs/fedreg/a060201c.html
- Comment period for both closed May 2, 2006
- Contact for both is Rich Jennings, FAA AIR-130

Proposed HIRF Regulations

- New regulations proposed for parts 23, 25, 27 and 29
- Based on proposals from ARAC Electromagnetic Effects Harmonization Working Group (EEHWG)
- Similar to existing JAA/EASA HIRF certification review items (CRI)

§ 23.1308(a) High-intensity Radiated Fields (HIRF) Protection.

- (a) Each electrical and electronic system that performs a function whose failure would prevent the continued safe flight and landing of the airplane must be designed and installed so that—
- (1) The function is not adversely affected during and after the time the airplane is exposed to HIRF environment I, as described in appendix J to this part;
- (2) The system automatically recovers normal operation, in a timely manner, after the airplane is exposed to HIRF environment I, as described in appendix J to this part, unless the system's recovery conflicts with other operational or functional requirements of the system; and
- (3) The system is not adversely affected during and after the time the airplane is exposed to HIRF environment II, as described in appendix J to this part.

§ 23.1308(b)

(b) Each electrical and electronic system that performs a function whose failure would significantly reduce the capability of the airplane or the ability of the flightcrew to respond to an adverse operating condition must be designed and installed so the system is not adversely affected when the equipment providing the function is exposed to equipment HIRF test level 1, 2, or 3, as described in appendix J to this part.

§ 23.1308(c)

(c) Each electrical and electronic system that performs a function whose failure would reduce the capability of the airplane or the ability of the flightcrew to respond to an adverse operating condition must be designed and installed so the system is not adversely affected when the equipment providing the function is exposed to equipment HIRF test level 4, as described in appendix J to this part.

Appendix J to Part 23—HIRF Environments and Equipment HIRF Test Levels

This appendix specifies the HIRF environments and equipment HIRF test levels for electrical and electronic systems under § 23.1308. The field strength values for the HIRF environments and equipment HIRF test levels are expressed in root-mean-square units measured during the peak of the modulation cycle.

Table I. - HIRF Environment I (Certification)

Frequency	Field strength (volts/meter)	
	Peak	Average
10 kHz - 2 MHz	50	50
2 MHz - 30 MHz	100	100
30 MHz - 100 MHz	50	50
100 MHz - 400 MHz	100	100
400 MHz - 700 MHz	700	50
700 MHz - 1 GHz	700	100
1 GHz - 2 GHz	2,000	200
2 GHz - 6 GHz	3,000	200
6 GHz - 8 GHz	1,000	200
8 GHz - 12 GHz	3,000	300
12 GHz - 18 GHz	2,000	200
18 GHz - 40 GHz	600	200

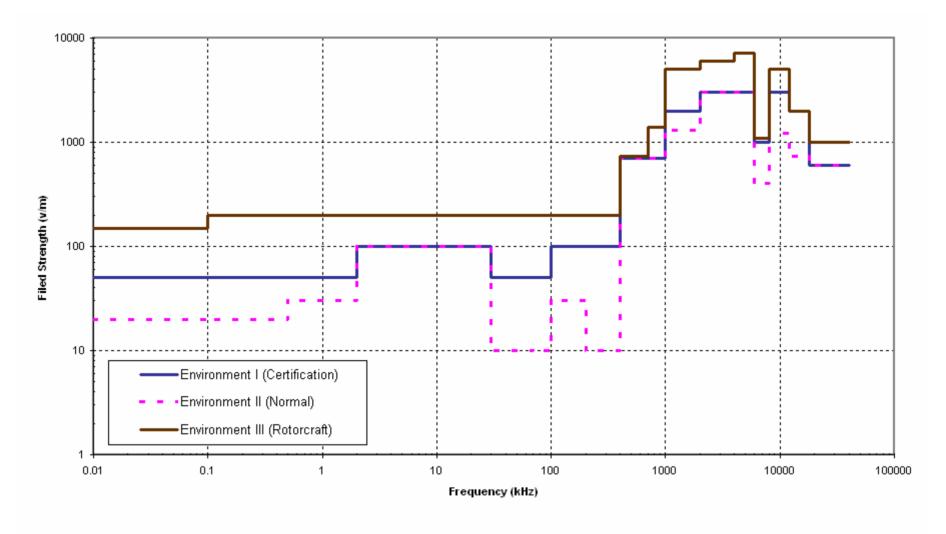
Table II. - HIRF Environment II (Normal)

Frequency	Field Strength (Volts/Meter)		
	Peak	Average	
10 kHz – 500 kHz	20	20	
500 kHz 2 MHz	30	30	
2 MHz 30 MHz	100	100	
30 MHz 100 MHz	10	10	
100 MHz – 200 MHz	30	10	
200 MHz – 400 MHz	10	10	
400 MHz – 1 GHz	700	40	
1 GHz 2 GHz	1,300	160	
2 GHz 4 GHz	3,000	120	
4 GHz 6 GHz	3,000	160	
6 GHz 8 GHz	400	170	
8 GHz 12 GHz	1,230	230	
12 GHz 18 GHz	730	190	
18 GHz 40 GHz	600	150	

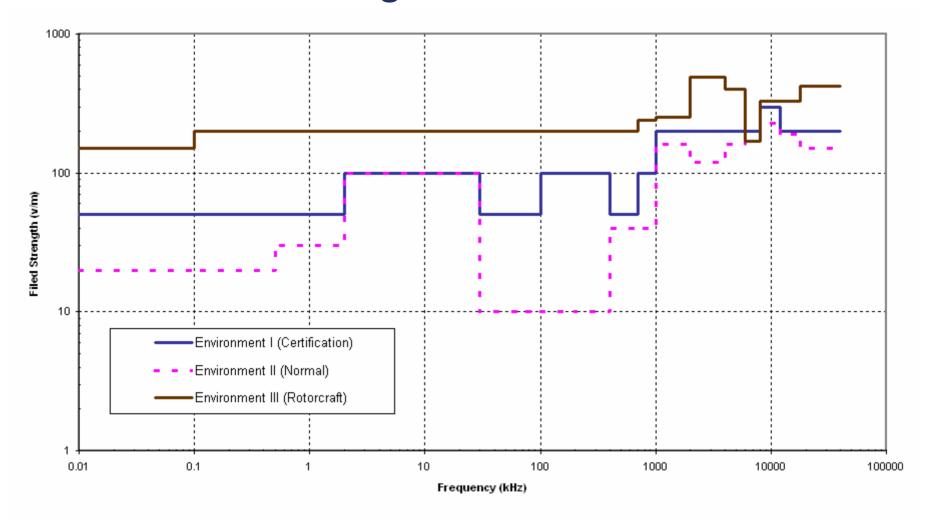
Table III. - HIRF Environment III (Rotorcraft)

Frequency	Field Strength (Volts/Meter)		
	Peak	Average	
10 kHz – 100 kHz	150	150	
100 kHz – 400 MHz	200	200	
400 MHz – 700 MHz	730	200	
700 MHz 1 GHz	1,400	240	
1 GHz 2 GHz	5,000	250	
2 GHz 4 GHz	6,000	490	
4 GHz 6 GHz	7,200	400	
6 GHz 8 GHz	1,100	170	
8 GHz 12 GHz	5,000	330	
12 GHz 18 GHz	2,000	330	
18 GHz 40 GHz	1,000	420	

HIRF NPRM Peak External Environment



HIRF NPRM Average External Environment



FAA HIRF NPRM Regulation Summary

HIRF Failure Condition from §§ 23.1308, 25.1317, 27.1317, and 29.1317	Performance Criteria	Item the Environment or Test Level Applies To	HIRF Environment or Test Level
Each electrical and electronic system that performs a function whose failure would prevent the continued safe flight and landing of the airplane/rotorcraft must be designed and installed so that—	Each function is not adversely affected during and after the time	the airplane/rotorcraft	is exposed to HIRF environment I.
	Each electrical and electronic system automatically recovers normal operation, in a timely manner after unless this conflicts with other operational or functional requirements of that system	the airplane/rotorcraft	is exposed to HIRF environment I.
	Each electrical and electronic system is not adversely affected during and after	the airplane/rotorcraft	is exposed to HIRF environment II.
	Each function required during operation under visual flight rules is not adversely affected during and after	the rotorcraft	is exposed to HIRF environment III (Parts 27 and 29 only).

FAA HIRF NPRM Regulation Summary (cont'd)

HIRF Failure Condition from §§ 23.1308, 25.1317, 27.1317, and 29.1317	Performance Criteria	Item the Environment or Test Level Applies To	HIRF Environment or Test Level
Each electrical and electronic system that performs a function whose failure would significantly reduce the capability of the airplane/rotorcraft or the ability of the flightcrew to cope with adverse operating conditions must be designed and installed so that—	the system is not adversely affected when	the equipment providing these functions	is exposed to equipment HIRF test level 1, 2, or 3.
Each electrical and electronic system that performs such a function whose failure would reduce the capability of the airplane/rotorcraft or the ability of the flightcrew to cope with adverse operating conditions must be designed and installed so that—	the system is not adversely affected when	the equipment providing these functions	is exposed to equipment HIRF test level 4.

Draft HIRF Advisory Circular 20-HIRF

- Draft AC 20-HIRF, "Certification of Aircraft Electrical/Electronic Systems for Operation in the High Intensity Radiated Fields (HIRF)" provides acceptable means of showing compliance with § 23.1308, 25.1317, 27.1317 and 29.1317
- A mix of compliance techniques:
 - Aircraft testing for Level A systems
 - Systems and equipment testing
 - Analysis
 - Similarity

Compliance Approaches

HIRF Requirements Excerpts from §§ 23.1308, 25.1317, 27.1317, and 29.1317	Failure Condition	System HIRF Certification Level	Compliance Test Requirement
Each electrical and electronic system that performs a function whose failure would prevent the continued safe flight and landing of the rotorcraft/airplane	Catastrophic	A	System Laboratory Test using HIRF Test Levels derived from aircraft attenuation and HIRF Environments I, II, and for rotorcraft III, or Aircraft exposure to HIRF Environments I, II, and for rotorcraft, III
		A Displays	Same as above, or System Laboratory Test using HIRF Test Levels derived from generic aircraft attenuation in AC 20-HIRF appendix A and HIRF Environments I, II, and for rotorcraft III

HIRF Attenuation Tests Performed by NIST



Compliance Approaches (cont'd)

HIRF Requirements Excerpts from §§ 23.1308, 25.1317, 27.1317, and 29.1317	Failure Condition	System HIRF Certification Level	Compliance Test Requirement
Each electrical and electronic system that performs a function whose failure would significantly reduce the capability of the rotorcraft/airplane or the ability of the flightcrew to cope with adverse operating conditions	Hazardous	В	System Laboratory Test using HIRF Test Levels 1 and 2 (same as RTCA/DO-160 Section 20 Category R), or HIRF Test Level 3 derived from aircraft attenuation and HIRF Environment II
Each electrical and electronic system that performs such a function whose failure would reduce the capability of the rotorcraft/airplane or the ability of the flightcrew to cope with adverse operating conditions	Major	C	System Laboratory Test using HIRF Test Level 4 (Same as RTCA/DO-160 Section 20 Category T)

Other Guidance Material

- Users guides for HIRF certification
 - SAE ARP5388, "Guide to Certification of Aircraft in a High Intensity Radiated Field (HIRF) Environment", January 2001
 - EUROCAE ED-107, "Guide to Certification of Aircraft in a High Intensity Radiated Field (HIRF) Environment", March 2001
 - These are technically equivalent
- Give detailed HIRF design and test guidance and methods for aircraft and systems

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